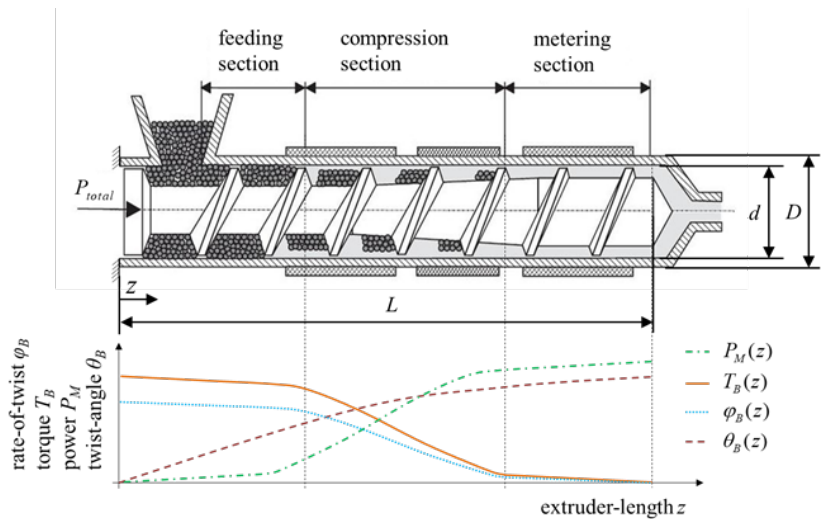


**Pro²Future
Products and Production
Systems of the Future**

Programme: COMET – Competence Centres for Excellent Technologies

Programme line: COMET-Centre K1

Type of project: E-Manager 1.2,
2 years, strategic



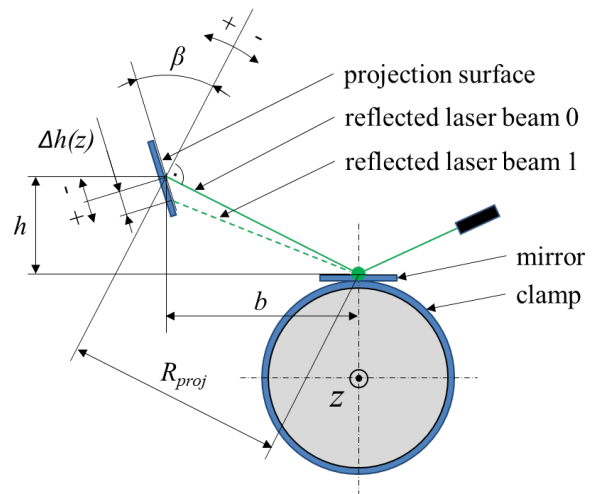
IMPROVED ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN EXTRUSION

NOVEL MEASURING METHOD ENABLES TO DETECT AXIAL DISTRIBUTION OF MECHANICAL ENERGY INPUT ALONG A SINGLE-SCREW EXTRUDER

Global annual plastic production reached approximately 370 million tons for 2020 (statista.com) – more than a third of which is processed by using **extrusion machines**.

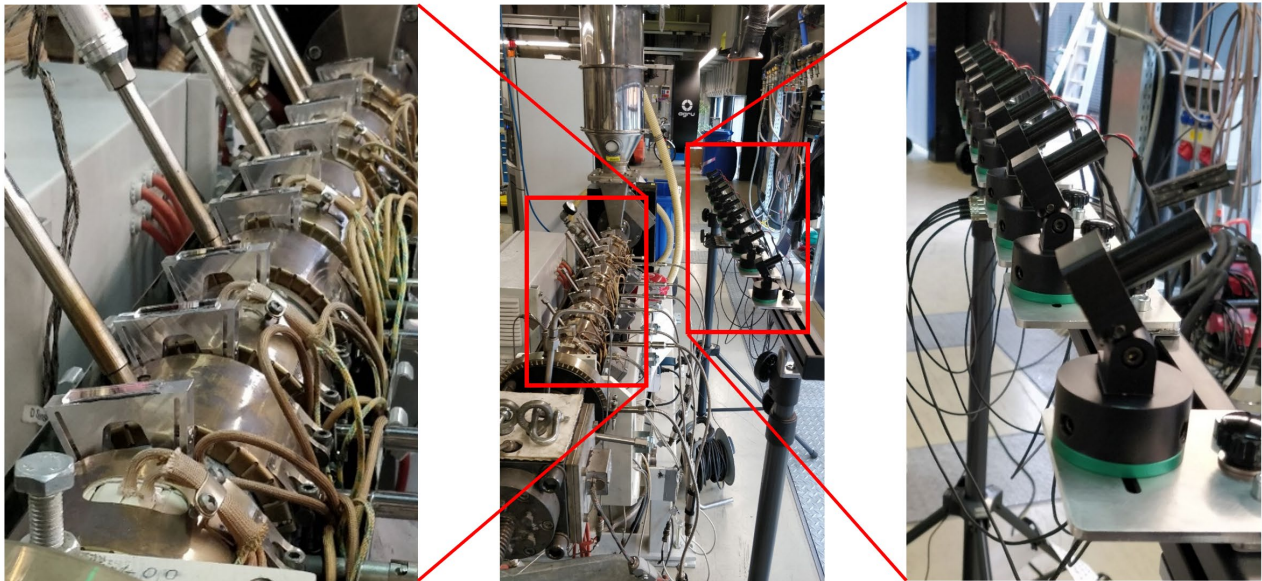
Depending on the processing, between **37% and 48%** of the energy demand is **provided** by the **extruder**. Approximately **80%** of this energy is introduced in the form of mechanical energy due to the **rotating screw**. This mechanical energy input is mainly dependent on screw geometry and design of the extruder and strongly influences the **total energy consumption** as well as the **quality** of the **extruded plastic**.

Researchers at Pro²Future have succeeded in developing a **novel measurement approach** to identify how much mechanical energy is introduced at which **axial extruder position**. The measuring principle is based on the **deformation** of the extruder **cylinder** due to the energy input, which is detected by **laser beam** deflection using a **mirror system**.



Schematic representation of the measurement method

The physical principle is based on the mechanical power being **proportional** to the **screw** respectively **cylinder torque**.



Prototype test setup with 10 measuring points on a single-screw extruder.

Impact and effects

The development of the measurement method is already well advanced, and several **prototypes** have been designed and tested. The prototypes consist of flexible measuring units, with each individual unit consisting of a mirror mount and a laser, which can be placed at any position on the extruder barrel. Recent measurements carried out have shown very promising results. Subsequently, the measuring method and measurement devices will be improved, and it is planned to develop a measuring system for **commercial use**.

The measurement method can be used for **process monitoring, design improvement** (characterization of the energy input along the processing unit), and **optimization and validation** of simulation models, which means that more **energy-efficient** extrusion screws can be produced. This leads to a more **sustainable screw design** and overall, to an **improved energy efficiency in polymer processing**.

Project coordination
DI Dr. Wolfgang Roland
Deputy Area Manager
Pro2Future GmbH

T +43 (0) 732 2468 – 6589
wolfgang.roland@pro2future.at

Success Story by
DI Dr. Markus Jäger, MLBT
Center Communications Manager
markus.jaeger@pro2future.at

DI Dr. Markus Brillinger
Area Manager
markus.brillinger@pro2future.at

Pro2Future GmbH
Altenberger Straße 69
4040 Linz, Austria

T +43 (0) 732 2468 – 4783
office@pro2future.at
www.pro2future.at

Project Partner

- Johannes Kepler University Linz, Austria



Pro2Future is a COMET Centre within the COMET – Competence Centres for Excellent Technologies Programme and funded by BMK, BMDW, Upper Austria and Styria. The COMET Programme is managed by FFG. Further information on COMET: www.ffg.at/comet

 Federal Ministry
Republic of Austria
Climate Action, Environment,
Energy, Mobility,
Innovation and Technology

 Federal Ministry
Republic of Austria
Digital and
Economic Affairs

Austrian Research Promotion Agency
Sensengasse 1, A-1090 Vienna
P +43 (0) 5 77 55 - 0
office@ffg.at
www.ffg.at